Color mCP



Medium used for the isolation and identification of *Clostridium perfringens* from water samples. *Equally use with mCP (Membrane Clostridium Perfringens) Agar (MB-C1199).

CONTENTS (Liter)

Tryptose	30.0 g
Yeast Extract	20.0 g
Sucrose	5.0 g
L-Cysteine	1.0 g
Magnesium Sulfate	0.1 g
Ferric Chloride Hexahydrate	0.09 g
Bromocresol Purple	0.04 g
Indoxyl-β-D-glucoside	0.06 g
Agar	15.0 g
Final pH = 7.6 \pm 0.2 at 25°C	

PROCEDURE

Suspend 71.29 G of powder in 980 mL of distilled or deionized water. Heat to boiling until completely dissolved. Sterilize by autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes. Cool to 45 - 50°C in water bath. Aseptically add 2 vials of mCP (Membrane Clostridium Perfringens) supplement (MB-M1834) and 2 vials of Phenolphthalein Diphosphate Tetrasodium Salt Solution (MB-P0736). Mix well. Pour into petri dishes.

mCP (Membrane Clostridium Perfringens) supplement

1 vial contents (each vial is sufficient for 500 mL of medium)

Polymyxin B 0.0125 g D-Cycloserine 0.2 g

Phenolphthalein Diphosphate Tetrasodium Salt Solution

1 vial contents (each vial is sufficient for 500 mL of medium)

Phenolphthalein Diphosphate 0.05 g

INTERPRETATION

Color mCP is a medium used for the isolation and identification of *Clostridium perfringens* from water samples. Tryptose and yeast extract provide nitrogenous compounds. Sucrose is the fermentable carbohydrate. L-Cysteine is the reducing agent. Magnesium sulfate and ferric chloride provide ions to organisms for growth. Bromocresol purple is a pH indicator. Indoxyl-ß-D-glucoside is a substrate for ß-D-glucosidase. *Clostridium perfringens* does not possess ß-D-glucosidase activity. It forms opaque yellow colony. Agar is the solidifying agent. Polymyxin B and D-cycloserine are selective agents. *Clostridium perfringens* colonies can be tested for acid phosphatase activity by exposure of 20 - 30 seconds to ammonium hydroxide. Colonies turn pink to red as phenolphthalein diphosphate is cleaved by acid phosphatase. Other Clostridium spp. remain yellow, purple or blue to green after exposure to ammonium hydroxide.

TECHNIC

Filter the water sample using a 0.45 μ m filter. Place the filter onto the medium. Incubate at 44 \pm 1°C for 24 - 48 hours under anaerobic condition. Refer appropriate references for recommended test procedure.

QUALITY CONTROL FOR USE

Dehydrated medium

Appearance: free-flowing, homogeneous

Color: light beige Prepared medium

Appearance: clear to slightly opalescent

Color: purple

Incubation conditions: $44 \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 24 - 48 hours under anaerobic condition

Microorganism	ATCC	Growth	Characteristics	Acid phosphatase
Clostridium perfringens	13124	good	yellow colonies	+
Clostridium sporogenes	11437	good	blue colonies	-
Escherichia coli	25922	inhibited	-	-

STORE

The powder is very hygroscopic. Store the powder at 2 - 8°C, in a dry environment, in its original container tightly closed and use it before the expiry date on the label. Store prepared medium at 2 - 8°C.

REFERENCES

- 1. Bisson, J.W., and J.V. Cabelli, (1979) Applied and Environmental Microbiology, Vol. 37, No. 1, pp 55-88.
- 2. E. U. (1988) 98/83/EC of Council of 3rd of November 1998 on the quality of water intended for human consumption. Off. J. Eur. Commun., L330, 32-54.
- 3. D. L. 02/02/2001 n°31.

PACKAGE

Cat. No : MB-C2623 Color mCP	500 G

